

# **Learning Objective**

- · Discuss the place in therapy of spironolactone, hydralazine, clonidine and alpha-antagonists in the management of treatment resistant hypertension.
- · Given a patient with treatment resistant hypertension, develop a pharmacological treatment regimen.



# Before you add another track...

### Conduct a Thorough Assessment

- Pseudoresistance
  - Adherence to medications
  - "White coat" phenomena
- Drug-induced causes
- · Obstructive sleep apnea
- · Primary aldosteronism
- · Renal artery stenosis
- Others: Cushing's syndrome, pheochromocytoma, aortic coarctation

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Hypertension 2008;51:1403-19; J Am Soc Hypertension 2014;8:743-57

# The Who and The Why

#### At-Risk Groups

- Increasing age\*
- Obesity\*
- Left ventricular hypertrophy
- Chronic kidney disease (CKD)
- Diabetes
- African American
- · Female

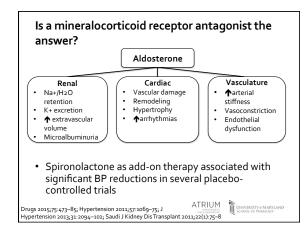
### Pathophysiology

- · Normal cardiac output with:
  - − ↑systemic vascular
  - − ↑ plasma volume
- Degree of plasma aldosterone levels elevation and renin suppression

Hypertension 2008;51:1403-19; Drugs 2015;75:473-85

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#### PATHWAY-2 Trial

- Spironolactone vs. bisoprolol, doxazosin and placebo (n=322)
- 230 received all four treatments; each "cycle" was 12 weeks
- Notable exclusion criteria:
  - Type 1 diabetes
  - estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate (eGFR) < 45 ml/min</li>
  - Recent cardio/cerebrovascular event
- Active cancer therapy
- Spironolactone associated with improved BP reduction compared to other therapies/placebo

Take home point: spironolactone 25-50 mg/day as 4th agent for BP treatment in general population

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#### Mineralocorticoid receptor antagonist: safety

- · Hyperkalemia risk increased:
  - Diabetes
  - Renal disease
  - Advanced age
  - Concurrent non-steroidal anti-inflammatory agent use
- Start at lower dose when renal disease present
- Use in hemodialysis, Stage 3 or 4 CKD not well established

### Monitoring is KEY!!!

Drugs 2015;75:473-85; Am J Nephrol 2009;30:418-24; J Am Coll Cardiol 2013;62:1585-93

## What else should we put on the B side?

- · Direct renin inhibitor
- · Mecamylamine
- Methyldopa
- · Loop diuretic
- · Minoxidil

ancet 2015; 386:2059–68

- · Beta-blocker
- Hydralazine
- Clonidine
- Alpha-antagonist

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## Second line options?

## Aliskerin (Tekturna®)

Should not be used in patients with diabetes or CKD receiving an angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitor/ angiotensin receptor blocker

#### Mecamylamine (Vecamyl®)

- Not for use in those with significant atherosclerosis
- Side effects heightened in those with renal disease
- Cumbersome regimen
- Sodium restriction *not* recommended

## Methyldopa

- Adverse effect profile
- Typically reserved for use during pregnancy

Tektuma® (aliskerin). Novartis. East Hanover, NJ 2015, Vecamyl®
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Whytestry-Martiale New York. NY 2015;

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Whytestry-Martiale New York. NY 2015; (mecamylamine). Turing Pharmaceuticals. New York, NY 2015; Methyldopa. Mylan Pharmaceuticals. Morgantown, WV 2015.



## Second line options?

## Loop diuretic

- Maybe necessary in those with advanced renal disease instead of a thiazide
- For volume overload

#### Minoxidil

- Reflex tachycardia and other adverse effects
- Concomitant diuretic therapy (and often beta-blocker) required

### Beta-blocker

- Not as effective, as first line therapy, in reducing BP and clinical outcomes compared to other agents
- · For use in those with compelling indications
  - Heart failure
  - Coronary disease
  - Arrhythmias

Am J Kidney Dis. 2004;43(5 Suppl 1):S1-290.Hypertension 2008;51:

# Second line options?

#### Hydralazine

- · Thrice daily
- · Adverse effect profile

#### Clonidine

- Side effect profile limits use in the elderly
- · Transdermal patch available

#### Alpha-antagonists

- · Male patient with benign prostatic hypertension
- Orthostatic hypotension ATRIUM
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J Am Geriatr Soc 2015;63:2227–46; Hypertension 2008;51:14

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# Non-Pharmacological Strategies

Others

· Ultrasonic sound

· Carotid baroreflex

activation therapy

technology

#### Renal denervation

- · Initial trials encouraging
- SYMPLICITY-HTN-3: large, prospective, randomized, controlled trial did not show benefit
- PRAGUE-15: BP control similar to spironolactone; both in addition to standard medications

Hypertension 2012; 60:596-606; J Am Coll Cardiol 2012;59:901-9;
N Engl J Med 2014;370:1393-1401; Hypertension 2016;67:397-403;
J Am Soc of Hypertension 2014;87:43-757



74 y/o obese woman

• Systolic BP above 160 mmHg x 3 months; HR 60 BPM

• PMH:

- Diabetes

- Hypertension

- Hypothyroidism

Labs within normal limits; CrCl ~ 65 ml/min

BP medications:

- chlorthalidone 25 mg/d

- lisinopril 40 mg/d

- felodipine 10 mg/day · Secondary causes ruled out

CrCl = creatinine clearance

Which medication should be added next?

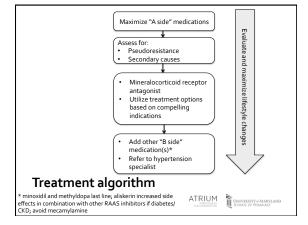
A. clonidine

B. doxazosin

C. hydralazine

D.spironolactone

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#### More tracks on the way...

- Prevalence of Resistant Hypertension with Directed Observed Therapy (DOT)
  - DOT x 1 month followed by 24 hour ambulatory care BP monitoring
  - No adjustments in medication therapy
- Safety and Efficacy Study of LHWo90 in Resistant
- Resistant Hypertension Optimal Treatment (ReHOT) Study
  - Traditional backbone 3 medication regimen
  - Sprinolactone vs. clonidine x 3 months
- TRIUMPH Study
  - Exercise training, sodium and calorie reduction, and weight management compared to physician advice and standard education

https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02513524 https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02515331 Clin Cardiol 2014;27:1-6; Am Heart J 2015;170:986-94

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